IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA ATLANTA DIVISION

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA PLAINTIFF,

v.

STATE OF GEORGIA DEFENDANT.

Civil Action No.

1:16-CV-03088-ELR

CERTIFICATION OF SERVICE OF DISCOVERY

Pursuant to Local Rule 5.4, N.D. Ga., I certify that on Friday, October 7, 2022, the United States served a **SUBPOENA TO PRODUCE DOCUMENTS**, **INFORMATION, OR OBJECTS OR TO PERMIT INSPECTION OF PREMISES IN A CIVIL ACTION** to Brooke Cole, Director of Elam Alexander Academy GNETS Program, for L.H. Williams Elementary School, on the following counsel of record via email:

Sydney M. Solomon Jones Cork 435 2nd Street, Suite 500 Macon, Georgia 31201 sydney.solomon@jonescork.com A true and correct copy of the subpoena is attached hereto.

Respectfully submitted,

RYAN K. BUCHANAN *United States Attorney*

/s/Aileen Bell Hughes
Assistant United States Attorney
Georgia Bar No. 375505
aileen.bell.hughes@usdoj.gov
600 U.S. Courthouse
75 Ted Turner Drive, S.W.
Atlanta, GA 30303
(404) 581-6000 fax (404) 581-6181

Certificate of Compliance

I hereby certify, pursuant to Local Rules 5.1 and 7.1D, that the foregoing certification has been prepared using Book Antiqua, 13-point font.

<u>/s/Aileen Bell Hughes</u>

Assistant United States Attorney

Certificate of Service

The United States Attorney's Office served this document today by filing it using the Court's CM/ECF system, which automatically notifies the parties and counsel of record.

October 18, 2022

/s/ AILEEN BELL HUGHES
AILEEN BELL HUGHES
Assistant United States Attorney

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Northern District of Georgia

STATE	ATES OF AMERICA Plaintiff V. OF GEORGIA Defendant))) Cir))	vil Action No.	1:16-CV-03088	-ELR
	POENA TO PRODUCE DOCU R TO PERMIT INSPECTION				'S
То:	BROOKE COLE, DIRECTOR 2051 SECONI				PROGRAM
	(Name of person to	o whom this su	bpoena is directed	d)	
	ARE COMMANDED to produly stored information, or objects,				
Place:		D	ate and Time:		
property possessed or co	emises: YOU ARE COMMAND ontrolled by you at the time, date, y, photograph, test, or sample the tereto.	and location	n set forth belo	w, so that the req	questing partymay
	s Elementary School Street, Macon, GA 31201		Date and Tim	ne: 10/26/2022 {	3:00am – 4:00pm
Rule 45(d), relating to y respond to this subpoen	provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45 are cour protection as a person subject a and the potential consequences	t to a subpoo	na; and Rule 4		
Date: 10/07/2022	_				
	CLERK OF COURT		OR A	ilsen Bell;	Hughes
	Signature of Clerk or Deputy	Clerk		Attorney's sig	gnature
The name, address, e-m	ail address, and telephone number	r of the attor	ney representi	ng (name of party)	the United States of
America			, who issu	ies or requests thi	is subpoena, are:

Aileen Bell Hughes, 75 Ted Turner Dr. SW, Suite 600, Atlanta, GA 30303; aileen.bell.hughes@usdoj.gov; 404-581-6133

AO 88B (Rev. 02/14) Subpoena to Produce Documents, Information, or Objects or to Permit Inspection of Premises in a Civil Action

Notice to the person who issues or requests this subpoena

If this subpoena commands the production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things or the inspection of premises before trial, a notice and a copy of the subpoena must be served on each party in this case before it is served on the person to whom it is directed. Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(a)(4).

Attachment A

Pursuant to the terms of the attached subpoena to permit inspection of premises in a civil action, the United States of America, by and through the United States Department of Justice ("DOJ"), intends to inspect the premises identified by address in the attached subpoena on the date specified. This clean-up site inspection, or "clean-up site visit," will be conducted in accordance with the terms set forth below.

General Information

The purpose of the clean-up site inspections is to provide one of the United States' experts with an opportunity to take photographs at facilities where counsel prevented her from doing so during her November 2021 visits. The clean-up site inspections will allow the United States' expert to gather information needed to form opinions in the matter of *United States v. Georgia*, No. 16 Civ. 3088 (N.D. Ga.).

General Health and Safety Precautions

The United States will send one team to conduct the site inspection, which will be comprised of a maximum of two DOJ employees and one expert. DOJ will provide the names of the members of the visiting team one week in advance of the site visit. All DOJ team members have been fully vaccinated against COVID-19 and will wear masks during the entirety of the visit, regardless of whether the underlying facility operates under a mask mandate. Team members will abide by any sign-in policies and procedures regularly applied to visitors to the premises. The United States requests that either the regional GNETS program director or another GNETS site-based administrator accompany the team during the entirety of the inspection of the identified premises. In the event a student has a crisis or any other urgent school-based situation arises, members of the team will immediately follow the regional GNETS program director or GNETS site-based administrator's instructions for responding to the crisis/situation.

Timing

The expert will make a good faith effort to complete each facility visit within 45 minutes. In advance of the visit, the United States will work with counsel to identify more specific arrival and departure times that do not interrupt the start or dismissal of school.

Physical Inspection – Photographs

The expert will have the opportunity to take photographs of any areas of the building that the expert was previously permitted to tour during the November 2021 site inspections. These locations were set forth in Attachment A of the United States' original subpoena to inspect the premises and any subsequent stipulations agreed upon by the counsel. For these site inspections, the expert is primarily interested in taking photographs of the facility interiors (e.g., hallways, general layout, classroom locations, items on walls/doors/etc.) and the interior of some classrooms. When taking photographs of classrooms, the expert will be permitted to peek through the door of each classroom to determine whether she would like to enter the room to photograph. The expert will spend no more than approximately one minute in any individual classroom taking photographs. To facilitate this process, the

United States requests that the GNETS or site-based administrator accompanying the team be prepared to identify the classrooms as we approach them (e.g., grade, subject).

At no time during the observation will the expert question or otherwise engage students or classroom personnel beyond exchanging common pleasantries (e.g., responding to a "hello," saying "thank you" or smiling). In the event classroom personnel or students speak to the expert unprompted, the expert will minimize communication by responding with a nod or by saying "thank you" or "okay."

Questions

The expert shall be permitted to ask questions of the GNETS director or site-based administrator that are incidental to the inspection of the premises. However, those questions will be limited to clarifying questions that provide context for the photographs that the expert will be taking. For example, the expert may ask questions about the specific use(s) of particular rooms or areas of the building and basic facts regarding the nature of any classrooms entered and/or observed (e.g., the grade level(s) of the classroom, subject matter, etc.). To minimize disruptions to classroom instruction, the expert shall refrain from asking such questions inside of individual classrooms where instruction is occurring. Further, questions will be asked in the presence of legal counsel and none of the questions will pertain to information about individual students or students' individual disabilities.

Expert and Team Member Documentation

The expert participating in the inspection of the premises shall have the right to document the nature, condition, and appearance of the premises via photographs so long as the photographs taken do not include students, parents/guardians, building personnel, or any other images that implicate the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act. No other limitations shall be placed on the expert's right to photograph the premises.

The United States agrees (1) that if any photos are taken that inadvertently contain an image of staff, students, or PII, it will redact or blur such images in the photograph and (2) that it will provide counsel with a copy of the photos taken during the site visit within 30 days and that counsel may also redact or blur any inadvertent images of staff, students and PII.

All members of the DOJ team, including experts, participating in the inspection of the premises shall have the right to document any part of the inspection by taking notes. No restrictions shall be placed on this right.

AO 88B (Rev. 02/14) Subpoena to Produce Documents, Information, or Objects or to Permit Inspection of Premises in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No.

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PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)

I received this su	abpoena for (name of individual and title, if ar	ly)	
(date)	· .		
' I served the su	abpoena by delivering a copy to the nan	ned person as follows:	
		on (date) ;	or
' I returned the	subpoena unexecuted because:		
tendered to the v		States, or one of its officers or agents, I e, and the mileage allowed by law, in the	
fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0.00
I declare under p	penalty of perjury that this information i	s true.	
e:			
		Server's signature	
		Printed name and title	
		Server's address	

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc.:

Print Save As... Add Attachment Reset

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), (e), and (g) (Effective 12/1/13)

(c) Place of Compliance.

- (1) For a Trial, Hearing, or Deposition. A subpoena may command a person to attend a trial, hearing, or deposition only as follows:
- (A) within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; or
- **(B)** within the state where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person, if the person
 - (i) is a party or a party's officer; or
- (ii) is commanded to attend a trial and would not incur substantial expense.

(2) For Other Discovery. A subpoena may command:

- (A) production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things at a place within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; and
 - (B) inspection of premises at the premises to be inspected.

(d) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena; Enforcement.

(1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The court for the district where compliance is required must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction—which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees—on a party or attorney who fails to comply.

(2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.

- (A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
- (B) Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing, or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises—or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the court for the district where compliance is required for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

(3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.

- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the court for the district where compliance is required must quash or modify a subpoena that:
 - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person to comply beyond the geographical limits specified in Rule 45(c);
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
- (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
 (B) When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the court for the district where compliance is required may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:
- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information; or

- (ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's
- study that was not requested by a party.
- **(C)** Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(d)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
 - (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

(e) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

- (1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:
- (A) Documents. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.
- **(B)** Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.
- (C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
- (D) Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

(2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

- (A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation
 - (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
- **(B)** Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information under seal to the court for the district where compliance is required for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.

(g) Contempt.

The court for the district where compliance is required—and also, after a motion is transferred, the issuing court—may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena or an order related to it.